CoP Head Start: Teacher Alumni Series (3)

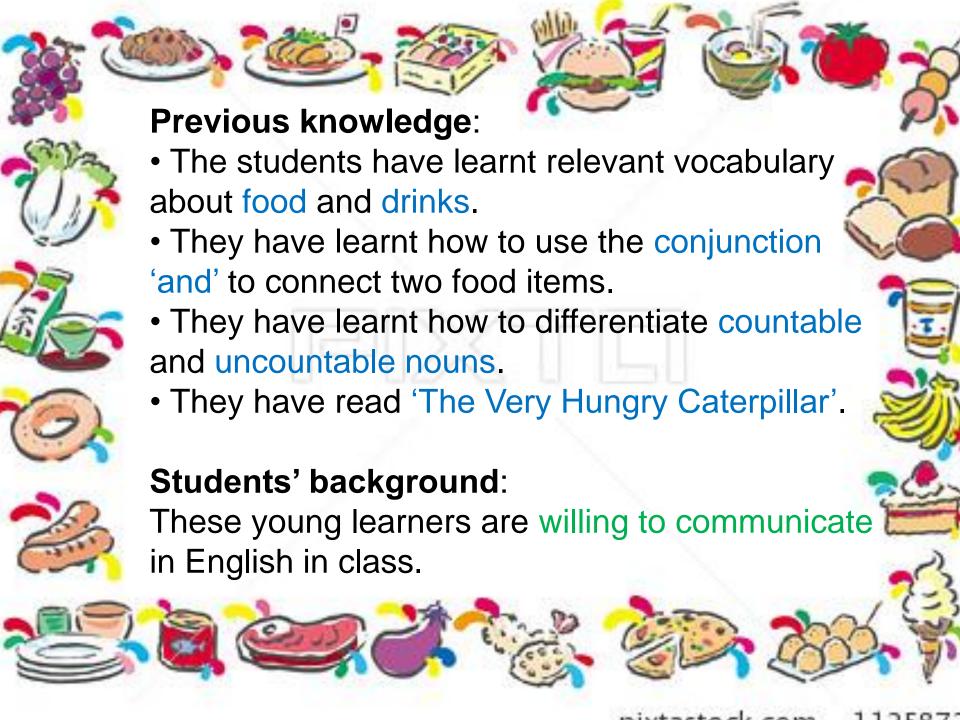
'Welcome Minions':

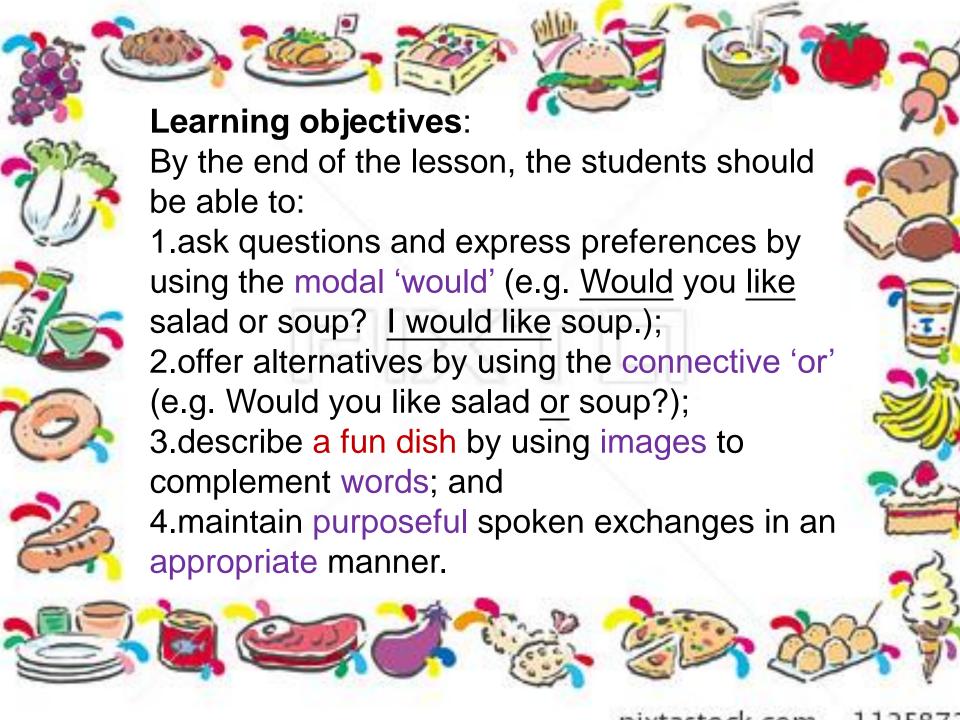
English activation in a

communicative classroom

Vally Choi (Tuesday 10 April 2018)
AAB206, Hong Kong Baptist University









My favourite food



Food











salad

ham

tomatoes

mushrooms

Drinks



milk



water



juice



lemon tea

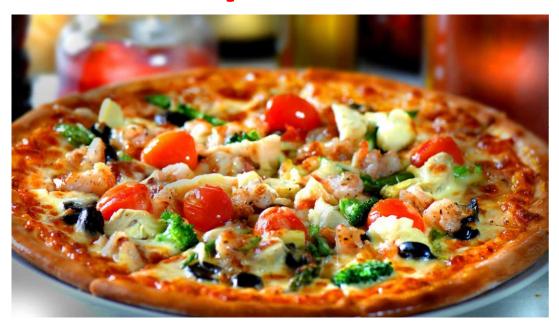
Let's play a game! BINGO!



Bingo card

a pizza	water	juice
a cake	salad	an ice cream
rice	noodles	soup

a pizza



Bingo card

a pizza	water	juice
a cake	salad	an ice cream
rice	noodles	soup

Bingo card

a pizza	water	juice
a cake	salad	an ice cream
rice	noodles	soup



a cake



an ice cream



rice



a sandwich



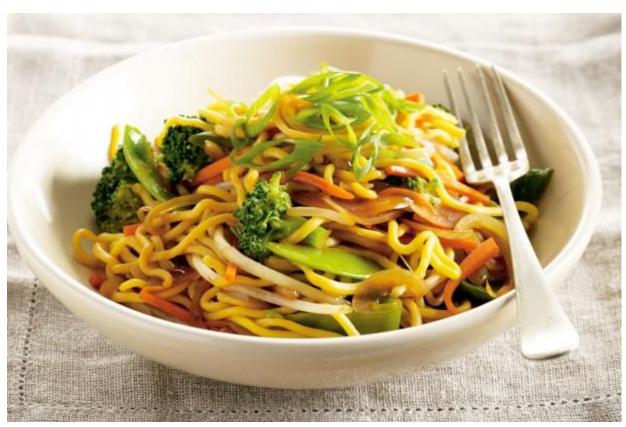
soup



salad



noodles



We like different kinds of food.





What would our visitors like to eat?





Thank you for inviting us to your spring party!







Miss Choi: What would Minions like to eat?

1B: ...



We would like to eat ...

BANANAAAAS



What else would Minions like to eat?



Our school menu







Would you like salad?







Would you like salad?





No, thank you.





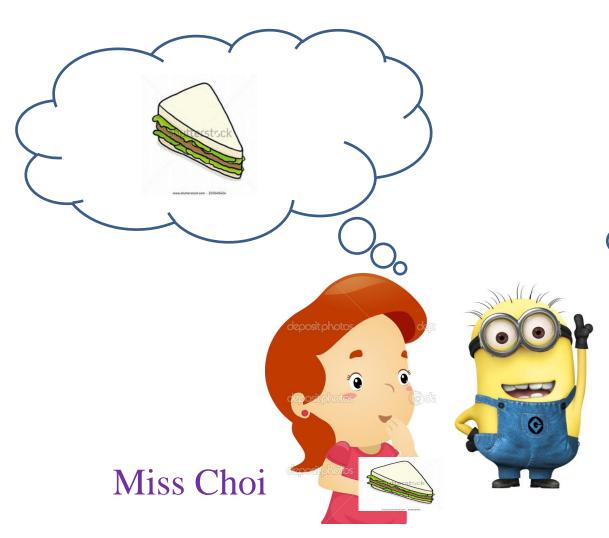
Would you like a sandwich?





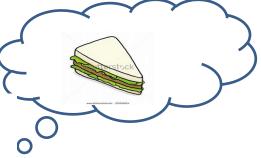


Would you like a sandwich?

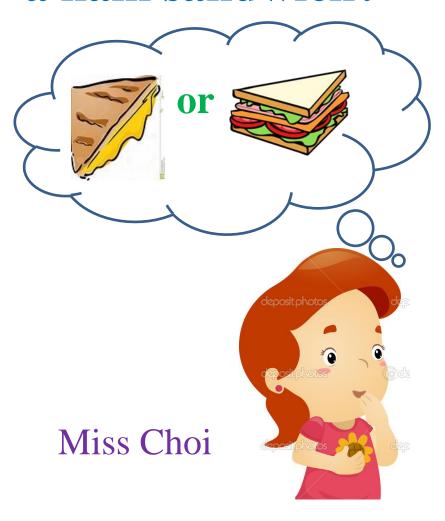




Yes, please.



Would you like a cheese sandwich or a ham sandwich?



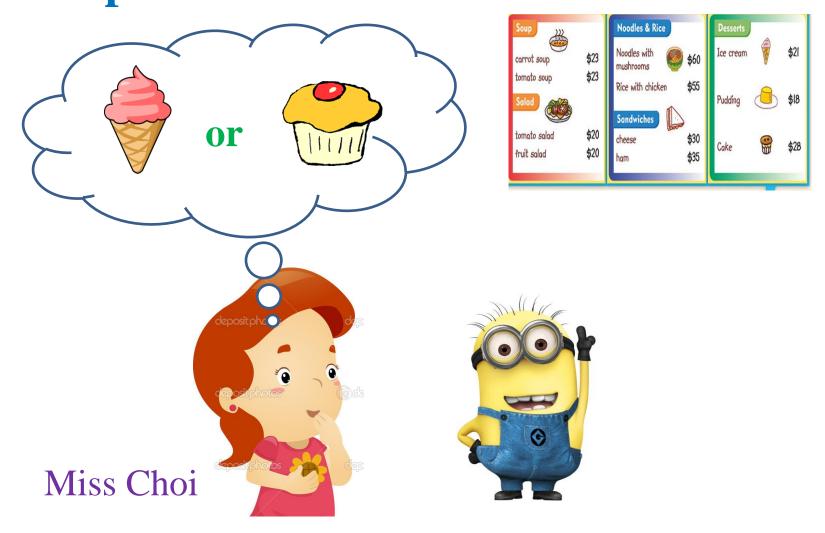




Would you like a cheese sandwich or a ham sandwich?

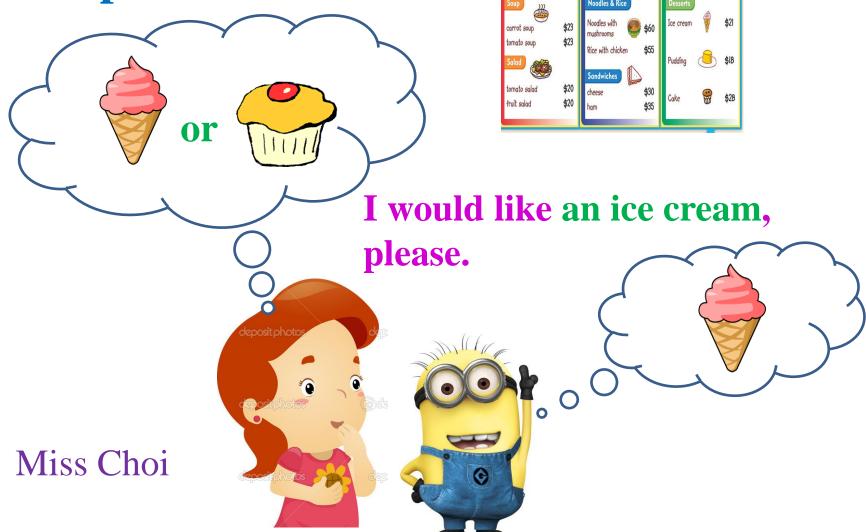


Would you like an ice cream or a cupcake?



Would you like an ice cream or

a cupcake?



Pair work:

Let us **learn to speak** before the party.

Now **take turns** to **ask** and **answer** questions.



Party time















What do you say?

Party time

Student A: What would you like to eat?

Student B: I would like an ice cream,

please.

Student A: Here you are.

Student B: Thank you.



OR



Student A: Would you like an ice cream?

Student B: Yes, please. OR No, thank you.

Student A: Here you are.

Student B: Thank you.

What do you say?

Party time



Student A: Would you like an ice cream or a cupcake?

Student B: I would like an ice-cream, please.

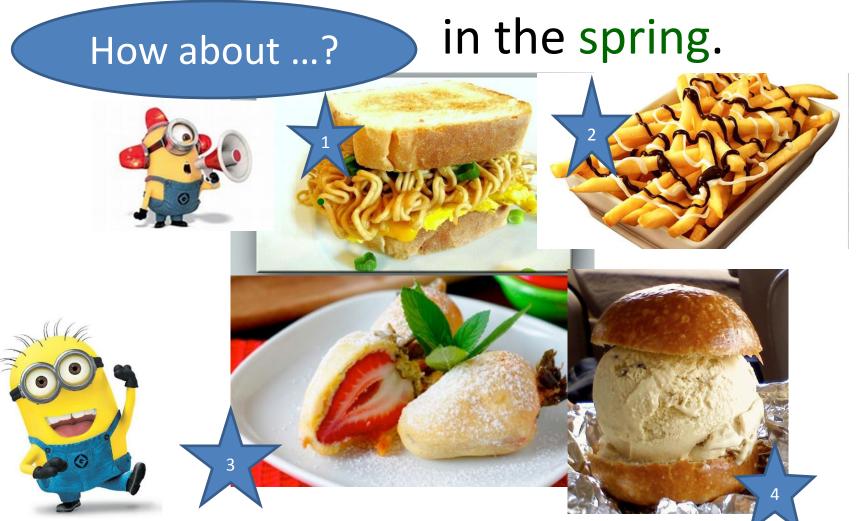
Student A: Here you are.

Student B: Thank you.



Group work:

Make a fun dish to welcome Minions



How to play with your food?

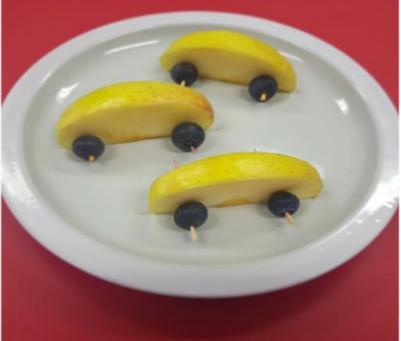














yum yum fruitdogs



a cheese spider



a very hungry caterpillar

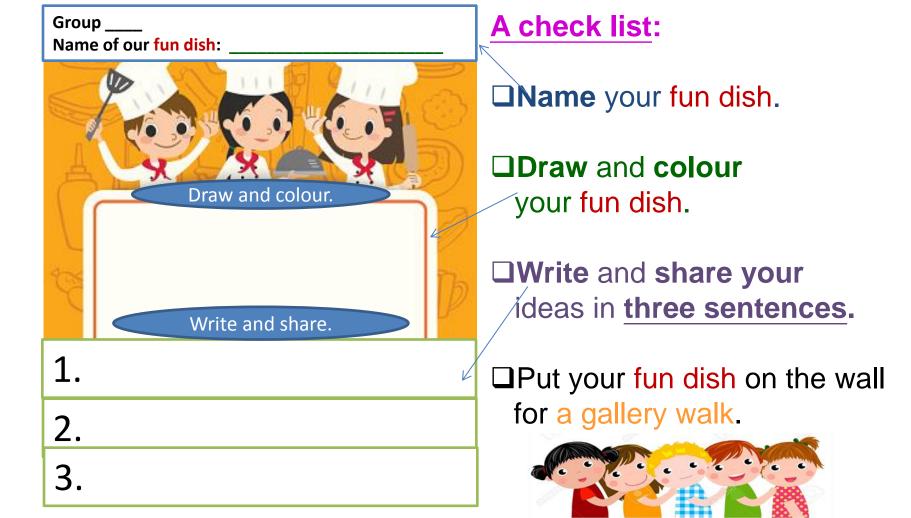






Group work:

Make a fun dish to welcome Minions in the spring. Discuss in a group of 4.



An example:

Group ____

Name of our fun dish: a cheese spider



- 1. We have a cheese spider.
- 2. It is a very hungry spider.
- 3. The spider has a yellow cheese tongue.

 Minions would love our fun dish!

STang

1. Im Market a Banang cheese Ispiden.

2. It has a Lot of exe Balls Like 18.



Mihlons would love my fun dish

TROBANA Cheese spicer

1. In halle a Banang cheese Ispiden. 2. It has 7 Banana Legs. 3. It has a Lot of exe Balls Lite 18: Minjons would love my fun dish

a tobot Minions banana 1. I have a robot Minions bangna. att has awater melo mouth. 3 I + Weat a and blue berry T-shipt. Ilore It.

a tobo + Minions banana _ horre arobot Minions bangla. att has awater mela mouth. 3 It Weat a blockethy 0 and blueberry flore It.

Stramberrie PINOKIO OETOPUS Cake



We have a strowberrie Pinkio Octupus cake, it is like bankfar and Theinface theres lot or banance

To adopt or adapt?



Discussion

- What alternative cartoon characters might be considered for increasing situational interest (e.g. offering learners meaningful choices; identifying with characters) in the English classroom? [Team A]
- Is the pair work suitably communicative and meaningful for young learners who lack confidence in speaking? [Team B]
- 3. 'Make a fun dish' how far does the group work engage young learners in a mode of thinking and doing?
 [Team C]
- 4. 'Play with your food' how might the lesson be adapted to cater for the needs of SEN and gifted learners in the mainstream English classrooms? [Other participants]

Discussion

- 5. Four diverse young learners; one shared problem:
- Tigger and Victoria have difficulty in blending phonemes.
- Taemin has a short attention span and is weak in speaking.
- ☐ Stang speaks better than his peers but lacks vocabulary.



Refer to the **learning outcomes** (fun dishes):

- a. What is each young learner able to achieve?
- b. What individual needs have you identified for the teacher's follow-up?
- c. What might be useful **teaching principles** for supporting these diverse learners' needs?

Teaching principles (CDC, 2017)

Adopt a multi-sensory approach

- ✓ Differentiate in terms of:
- Content what students need to learn or how the student will get access to the information
- Process activities in which the student engages in order to master the content
- Product work in which students demonstrate their learning
- Learning environment how the classroom operates
- ✓ Encourage personalised learning goals based on students' own needs

Supporting SEN students (CDC, 2017)

Teachers should:

- ✓ show empathy for SEN students
- ✓ understand that they may not be able to meet the same standard as others
- ✓ review and modify their expectations based on students' needs and abilities



What do I say?
Be available
Be approachable
Be accepting





We had a fun time. Thank you and goodbye, 1B!

